8.4 Volumes of Solids of Revolution Shell Method

Standards: MC11 MC11c

$$\boxed{IA} \quad Volumes of Solids of Revolutions (DISK METHODS)$$
Find the volume of the solid of $y = x^2$ and $x=0$ and notate it about the y-axis from $y=0$ to $y=4$.

$$\int y=x^2$$

$$\int$$





This was created by Keenan Xavier Lee, 2013. See my website for more information, lee-apcalculus.weebly.com.

[Example 1] Find the volume of the solid generated about the x-axis by y=Ix and y=x. _y=√x $V = \int \pi \left[\left(A X \right)^{2} - \left(X \right)^{2} \right] dX$ $= \pi^{2} \int_{x}^{y} x - x^{2} dx$ $= \pi \left[\frac{\chi^2}{2} - \frac{\chi^3}{3} \right]_{n}^{\prime}$ $= \operatorname{T}\left[\underbrace{(1)^{2}}_{2} - \underbrace{(1)^{3}}_{3}\right] - \begin{bmatrix} 0^{2} \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0^{3} \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ $= \mathbb{T}\left[\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}\right]$ $=\left(\frac{1}{b}\right)$ $X^2 = \sqrt{X}$ $(x^{2})^{2} (\sqrt{x})^{2}$ $x^{4} = x$ $x^{4} - x = 0$ $\times(\times^{3-1})=0$ x=0,1.

