

Notecards Application of Integration

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| 1 | Area Bounded by 2 Functions In terms of dx ??? | $Area = \int_{x_1}^{x_2} f(x) - g(x) dx$ $Area = \int_{x_1}^{x_2} top - bottom dx$ <p>Everything must be in terms of x. The limits on the integrand and the integrand!!</p> |
| 2 | Area Bounded by 2 Functions In terms of dy ??? | $Area = \int_{y_1}^{y_2} f(x) - g(x) dy$ $Area = \int_{y_1}^{y_2} right - left dy$ <p>Everything must be in terms of y. The limits on the integrand and the integrand!!</p> |
| 3 | How do you find the volume of an object whose cross-sections are perpendicular to the x –axis? | $Volume = \int_{x_1}^{x_2} Area dx$ |
| 4 | How do you find the volume of an object whose cross-sections are perpendicular to the x –axis? | $Volume = \int_{y_1}^{y_2} Area dy$ |
| 5 | How do you find the volume of a solid revolved around the x –axis or parallel to the x –axis? | $Volume = \pi \int_{x_1}^{x_2} (function - L.O.R)^2 dx$ |
| 6 | How do you find the volume of a solid revolved around the y –axis or parallel to the y –axis? | $Volume = \pi \int_{y_1}^{y_2} (function - L.O.R)^2 dy$ |
| 7 | How do you find the volume of a figure with a hole in it , revolved around the x –axis or parallel to the x –axis? | $Volume = \pi \int_{x_1}^{x_2} (outer function - L.O.R)^2 - (inner function - L.O.R)^2 dx$ |
| 8 | How do you find the volume of a figure with a hole in it , revolved around the x –axis or parallel to the x –axis? | $Volume = \pi \int_{y_1}^{y_2} (function - L.O.R)^2 - (inner function - L.O.R)^2 dy$ |
| 9 | How do you calculate the average value of the function $f(x)$ over the interval $[a, b]$? | $\frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x) dx$ |